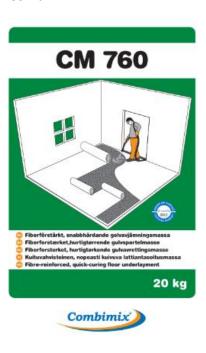




# **ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION**

IN ACCORDANCE WITH EN 15804+A2 & ISO 14025

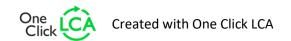
CM 760 Combimix AB



### **EPD HUB, HUB-3923**

Publishing date 12 September 2025, last updated on 12 September 2025, valid until 12 September 2030.

Life Cycle Assessment study has been performed in accordance with the requirements of EN 15804, EPD Hub PCR version 1.1 (5 Dec 2023) and JRC characterization factors EF 3.1.







**EPD** verifier



# **GENERAL INFORMATION**

### **MANUFACTURER**

TO THE TOTAL CONTENT	
Manufacturer	Combimix AB
Address	Backamo 620, 459 91 Ljungskile, Sweden / Verkstadsvägen 6, 746 40 Bålsta, Sverige
Contact details	miljo@combimix.se
Website	https://www.combimix.com/se/
EPD STANDARDS, SCOPE	AND VERIFICATION
Program operator	EPD Hub, hub@epdhub.com
Reference standard	EN 15804:2012+A2:2019/AC:2021 and ISO 14025
PCR	EPD Hub Core PCR Version 1.1, 5 Dec 2023
Sector	Construction product
Category of EPD	Third party verified EPD
Parent EPD number	-
Scope of the EPD	Cradle to gate with options, A4-A5, and modules C1-C4, D
EPD author	Ebba Hultman, Combimix AB
EPD verification	Independent verification of this EPD and data, according to ISO 14025:  ☐ Internal verification ☐ External verification

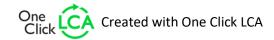
Magaly González Vázquez, as an authorized

verifier acting for EPD Hub Limited

This EPD is intended for business-to-business and/or business-to-consumer communication. The manufacturer has the sole ownership, liability, and responsibility for the EPD. EPDs within the same product category but from different programs may not be comparable. EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with EN 15804 and if they are not compared in a building context.

### **PRODUCT**

Product name	CM 760
Additional labels	CM 760 is a fiber-reinforced, pumpable, self-leveling leveling compound with a compressive strength class of C30 and fire classification A1fl, suitable for layer thicknesses of 5–50 mm
Product reference	76005, 76003, 76009
Place(s) of raw material origin	Sweden, Germany, Turkey
Place of production	Backamo & Bålsta, Sweden
Place(s) of installation and use	Sweden, Norway, Danmark
Period for data	10/2023 - 9/2024
Averaging in EPD	Multiple factories
Variation in GWP-fossil for A1-A3 (%)	±4,95
GTIN (Global Trade Item Number)	-
NOBB (Norwegian Building Product Database)	-
A1-A3 Specific data (%)	73,6







# **ENVIRONMENTAL DATA SUMMARY**

Declared unit	1 kg
Declared unit mass	1 kg
GWP-fossil, A1-A3 (kgCO₂e)	2,53E-01
GWP-total, A1-A3 (kgCO₂e)	2,55E-01
Secondary material, inputs (%)	13,8
Secondary material, outputs (%)	70,3
Total energy use, A1-A3 (kWh)	1,04
Net freshwater use, A1-A3 (m³)	0

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# PRODUCT AND MANUFACTURER

### **ABOUT THE MANUFACTURER**

Combimix develops and manufactures mineral-based products for the construction industry. The assortments includes products for floor leveling, facade plastering, masonry, casting, concrete renovation and restoration mortar for cultural buildings.

### **PRODUCT DESCRIPTION**

CM 760 is suitable for new construction, renovation, and underfloor heating systems.

concrete, lightweight concrete, stone, ceramics, homogeneous PVC, wood, and gypsum flooring. It is designed to be covered with a surface layer, such as tiles, vinyl, or similar materials. It can also be used outdoors (not in saline environments) on concrete substrates, in which case it must be covered with tiles.

Further information can be found at: https://www.combimix.com/se/

#### PRODUCT RAW MATERIAL MAIN COMPOSITION

Raw material category	Amount, mass %	Material origin
Metals	-	-
Minerals	100	EU
Fossil materials	-	-
Bio-based materials	-	-

#### **BIOGENIC CARBON CONTENT**

Product's biogenic carbon content at the factory gate

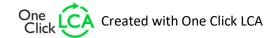
Biogenic carbon content in product, kg C	-
Biogenic carbon content in packaging, kg C	0,0013

### **FUNCTIONAL UNIT AND SERVICE LIFE**

Declared unit	1 kg
Mass per declared unit	1 kg
Functional unit	-
Reference service life	-

### **SUBSTANCES, REACH - VERY HIGH CONCERN**

The product does not contain any REACH SVHC substances in amounts greater than 0,1 % (1000 ppm).







# PRODUCT LIFE-CYCLE

#### SYSTEM BOUNDARY

This EPD covers the life-cycle modules listed in the following table.

Pro	duct st	tage		mbly			U	se sta	ge			E	nd of l	ife stag	ge		he 1 ies			
A1	A2	А3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	В4	В5	В6	В7	C1	C2	СЗ	<b>C4</b>		D			
×	×	×	×	×	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	×	×	×	×		×			
Raw materials	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstruction/ demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse	Recovery	Recycling		

Modules not declared = MND. Modules not relevant = MNR

## **MANUFACTURING AND PACKAGING (A1-A3)**

The environmental impacts considered for the product stage cover the manufacturing of raw materials used in the production as well as packaging materials and other ancillary materials. Also, fuels used by machines, and handling of waste formed in the production processes at the manufacturing facilities are included in this stage. The study also considers the material losses occurring during the manufacturing processes as well as losses during electricity transmission.

A market-based approach is used in modelling the electricity mix utilized in the factory.

Manufacturing stage (A1) encompasses various raw materials where sand serves as primary aggregate with 8% production losses and 248 km transport distance. Vinnapas represents material with 21% production losses and 1413 km transport distance from Germany. Limestone powder contributes with 0.3% losses and 206 km transport.

Cement-based materials include granulated blast furnace slag with 3% losses and 163 km transport. Portland cement with 4% losses and 98 km + 141km transport from Sweden, and Anhydrite with 4% losses and 1215 km transport from Germany. Aluminate cement represents the most transported component with 44% production losses and 599 km + 8200 km transport distance from Turkey.

Material losses vary significantly between different components, from 0.3% to 44%, reflecting different processing complexities. Transport distances range from 98 km + 141km for local Portland cement to 1413 km for specialized copolymer materials.

Packaging stage (A3) includes production of EU-pallets contributing 0.2% loss, paper production for paper bags contributing 0.1% loss, and production of plastic bags contributing 0.4% loss.

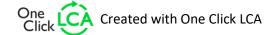
All packaging materials show minimal production losses below 1.5%. Energy use (A3) includes electricity consumption from Sweden's energy mix 2022 with 0.1% CO2e emissions. The energy profile follows IEA2022 standards.

## TRANSPORT AND INSTALLATION (A4-A5)

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Transportation impacts occurred from final products delivery to construction site (A4) cover fuel direct exhaust emissions, environmental impacts of fuel production, as well as related infrastructure emissions.

For transport to the construction site (A4), there is 1,0031 kg of transported mass with an average transport distance of 150 km. For installation (A5), there is Market for tap water as an installation resource with 0,18 kg.







Installation assumes 0% material loss during application. Installation packaging waste includes plastic packaging (0,00032 kg), wood packaging (0,0025 kg), and paper packaging (0,00029 kg), which are processed according to EU standard scenarios with transport distances following constituent database values for packaging waste treatment facilities.

### PRODUCT USE AND MAINTENANCE (B1-B7)

This EPD does not cover the use phase. Air, soil, and water impacts during the use phase have not been studied.

### PRODUCT END OF LIFE (C1-C4, D)

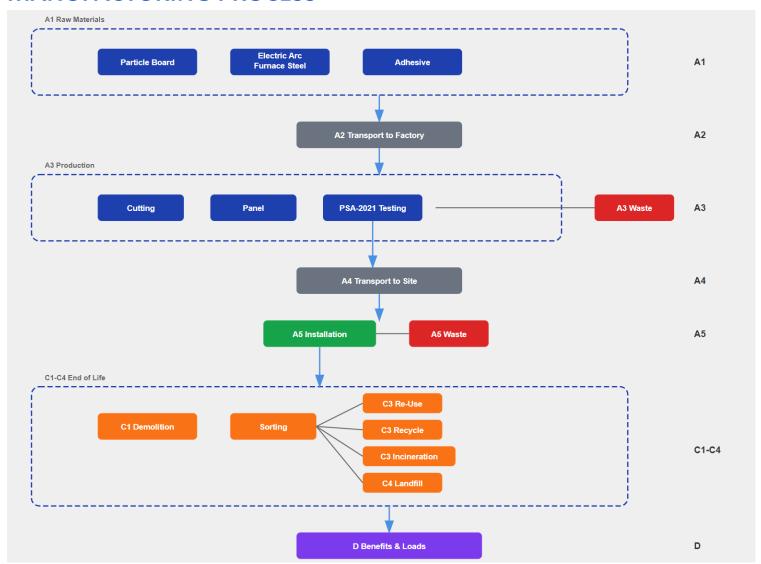
For stage (C1-C4), demolition and dismantling are modeled with 0.01 kWh diesel consumption in construction machinery for demolition work. The concrete waste amounts to 1.18 kg per declared unit, which corresponds to approximately 6% of the total emissions at end of life. Transport to waste management (C2) and waste processing (C3-C4) follow constituent database values with standard treatment scenarios assuming concrete recycling..

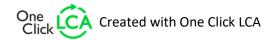
For module D, the environmental benefits arise from recycling 0,688 kg concrete, 0.0025 kg for EU pallet, 0.00032 kg for plastic packaging, and 0.00029 kg for paper packaging.





# **MANUFACTURING PROCESS**









# LIFE-CYCLE ASSESSMENT

#### **CUT-OFF CRITERIA**

The study does not exclude any modules or processes which are stated mandatory in the reference standard and the applied PCR. The study does not exclude any hazardous materials or substances. The study includes all major raw material and energy consumption. All inputs and outputs of the unit processes, for which data is available for, are included in the calculation. There is no neglected unit process more than 1% of total mass or energy flows. The module specific total neglected input and output flows also do not exceed 5% of energy usage or mass.

The production of capital equipment, construction activities, and infrastructure, maintenance and operation of capital equipment, personnel-related activities, energy and water use related to company management and sales activities are excluded.

### **VALIDATION OF DATA**

Data collection for production, transport, and packaging was conducted using time and site-specific information, as defined in the general information section on page 1 and 2. Upstream process calculations rely on generic data as defined in the Bibliography section. Manufacturer-provided specific and generic data were used for the product's manufacturing stage. The analysis was performed in One Click LCA EPD Generator, with the 'Cut-Off, EN 15804+A2' allocation method, and characterization factors according to EN 15804:2012+A2:2019/AC:2021 and JRC EF 3.1.

### **ALLOCATION, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS**

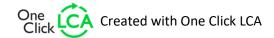
Allocation is required if some material, energy, and waste data cannot be measured separately for the product under investigation. All allocations are done as per the reference standards and the applied PCR. In this study, allocation has been done in the following ways:

Data type	Allocation
Raw materials	No allocation
Packaging material	No allocation
Ancillary materials	No allocation
Manufacturing energy and waste	Allocated by mass or volume

### **PRODUCT & MANUFACTURING SITES GROUPING**

Type of grouping	Multiple factories
Grouping method	Based on average results of product group - by total mass
Variation in GWP-fossil for A1-A3, %	±4,95

This EPD is product and factory specific, representing a weighted average of the same product manufactured at our two production facilities, one located in Bålsta and one in Backamo. The climate impact varies only marginally between the factories (approximately  $\pm 4,95\%$  for GWP-fossil A1-A3), which can primarily be attributed to minor differences in energy consumption and transport distances for raw materials. This variation complies with the requirements in GPI 2.9.



CM 760

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### LCA SOFTWARE AND BIBLIOGRAPHY

This EPD has been created using One Click LCA EPD Generator. The LCA and EPD have been prepared according to the reference standards and ISO 14040/14044. The EPD Generator uses Ecoinvent v3.10.1 and One Click LCA databases as sources of environmental data. Allocation used in Ecoinvent 3.10.1 environmental data sources follow the methodology 'allocation, Cutoff, EN 15804+A2'.

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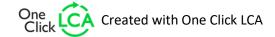
# **ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT DATA**

The estimated impact results are only relative statements which do not indicate the end points of the impact categories, exceeding threshold values, safety margins or risks.

# CORE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT INDICATORS - EN 15804+A2, EF 3.1

Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	А3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP – total <sup>1)</sup>	kg CO₂e	1,96E-01	5,10E-02	7,98E-03	2,55E-01	1,62E-02	5,36E-03	MND	3,61E-03	1,14E-02	3,63E-03	2,19E-03	-7,79E-03						
GWP – fossil	kg CO₂e	1,96E-01	5,09E-02	5,61E-03	2,53E-01	1,62E-02	5,55E-04	MND	3,60E-03	1,14E-02	3,63E-03	2,18E-03	-7,62E-03						
GWP – biogenic	kg CO₂e	-9,21E-05	1,08E-05	2,35E-03	2,27E-03	3,67E-06	4,80E-03	MND	3,68E-07	2,26E-06	-3,71E-07	-6,95E-07	-1,60E-04						
GWP – LULUC	kg CO₂e	3,09E-04	2,37E-05	1,01E-05	3,43E-04	7,25E-06	2,60E-07	MND	3,69E-07	4,03E-06	3,72E-07	1,25E-06	-5,21E-06						
Ozone depletion pot.	kg CFC-11e	4,24E-09	7,48E-10	2,84E-10	5,28E-09	2,39E-10	2,48E-12	MND	5,52E-11	2,27E-10	5,56E-11	6,33E-11	-7,16E-11						
Acidification potential	mol H⁺e	6,59E-04	4,37E-04	7,15E-05	1,17E-03	5,52E-05	9,00E-07	MND	3,25E-05	3,57E-05	3,28E-05	1,55E-05	-4,60E-05						
EP-freshwater <sup>2)</sup>	kg Pe	4,60E-05	3,49E-06	1,69E-06	5,12E-05	1,26E-06	6,08E-08	MND	1,04E-07	7,57E-07	1,05E-07	1,80E-07	-2,61E-06						
EP-marine	kg Ne	1,83E-04	1,20E-04	7,94E-06	3,10E-04	1,81E-05	6,97E-07	MND	1,51E-05	1,20E-05	1,52E-05	5,91E-06	-1,08E-05						
EP-terrestrial	mol Ne	2,09E-03	1,32E-03	2,31E-04	3,64E-03	1,97E-04	3,00E-06	MND	1,65E-04	1,31E-04	1,67E-04	6,45E-05	-1,29E-04						
POCP ("smog") <sup>3</sup> )	kg NMVOCe	7,05E-04	4,28E-04	2,71E-05	1,16E-03	8,14E-05	9,78E-07	MND	4,93E-05	5,59E-05	4,97E-05	2,31E-05	-3,70E-05						
ADP-minerals & metals <sup>4</sup> )	kg Sbe	3,68E-06	1,24E-07	1,17E-07	3,92E-06	4,52E-08	7,03E-10	MND	1,29E-09	3,73E-08	1,30E-09	3,47E-09	-3,96E-08						
ADP-fossil resources	MJ	2,53E+00	7,16E-01	7,06E-01	3,95E+00	2,35E-01	2,44E-03	MND	4,72E-02	1,60E-01	4,75E-02	5,36E-02	-9,86E-02						
Water use <sup>5)</sup>	m³e depr.	2,22E-01	3,27E-03	1,39E-01	3,65E-01	1,16E-03	7,38E-05	MND	1,18E-04	7,87E-04	1,19E-04	1,55E-04	-1,04E-02						

<sup>1)</sup> GWP = Global Warming Potential; 2) EP = Eutrophication potential. Required characterisation method and data are in kg P-eq. Multiply by 3,07 to get PO4e; 3) POCP = Photochemical ozone formation; 4) ADP = Abiotic depletion potential; 5) EN 15804+A2 disclaimer for Abiotic depletion and Water use and optional indicators except Particulate matter and Ionizing radiation, human health. The results of these environmental impact indicators shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.







# ADDITIONAL (OPTIONAL) ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT INDICATORS – EN 15804+A2, EF 3.1

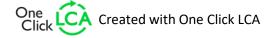
Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Particulate matter	Incidence	5,51E-09	4,39E-09	5,58E-10	1,04E-08	1,62E-09	1,34E-11	MND	9,25E-10	8,97E-10	7,10E-09	3,53E-10	-6,73E-10						
Ionizing radiation <sup>6)</sup>	kBq U235e	8,55E-01	5,72E-04	3,23E-02	8,88E-01	2,05E-04	2,42E-05	MND	2,09E-05	2,04E-04	2,10E-05	3,37E-05	-7,01E-04						
Ecotoxicity (freshwater)	CTUe	6,37E-01	9,29E-02	2,16E-01	9,45E-01	3,32E-02	1,10E-03	MND	2,60E-03	2,10E-02	2,62E-03	4,50E-03	-2,14E-02						
Human toxicity, cancer	CTUh	8,18E-11	8,88E-12	9,54E-12	1,00E-10	2,67E-12	1,38E-13	MND	3,71E-13	1,94E-12	3,73E-13	4,03E-13	-1,97E-12						
Human tox. non-cancer	CTUh	1,77E-09	4,14E-10	1,23E-10	2,30E-09	1,52E-10	6,55E-12	MND	5,87E-12	1,01E-10	5,91E-12	9,25E-12	-5,88E-11						
SQP <sup>7)</sup>	-	9,47E-01	6,06E-01	3,82E-01	1,93E+00	2,37E-01	1,63E-03	MND	3,30E-03	9,54E-02	3,33E-03	1,06E-01	-1,11E-01						

6) EN 15804+A2 disclaimer for lonizing radiation, human health. This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low-dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, from radon and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator; 7) SQP = Land use related impacts/soil quality.

### **USE OF NATURAL RESOURCES**

Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	А3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	B7	C1	C2	С3	C4	D
Renew. PER as energy <sup>8)</sup>	MJ	1,48E-01	9,06E-03	3,40E-01	4,97E-01	3,22E-03	-4,07E-02	MND	2,99E-04	2,77E-03	3,01E-04	5,18E-04	-6,46E-03						
Renew. PER as material	MJ	2,92E-03	0,00E+00	3,89E-02	4,18E-02	0,00E+00	-4,18E-02	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	5,34E-03						
Total use of renew. PER	MJ	1,51E-01	9,06E-03	3,79E-01	5,39E-01	3,22E-03	-8,26E-02	MND	2,99E-04	2,77E-03	3,01E-04	5,18E-04	-1,11E-03						
Non-re. PER as energy	MJ	1,80E+00	7,16E-01	6,90E-01	3,21E+00	2,35E-01	-1,07E-02	MND	4,72E-02	1,60E-01	4,75E-02	5,36E-02	-9,86E-02						
Non-re. PER as material	MJ	7,29E-01	0,00E+00	-7,13E-01	1,62E-02	0,00E+00	-1,62E-02	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	6,15E-03						
Total use of non-re. PER	MJ	2,53E+00	7,16E-01	-2,34E-02	3,23E+00	2,35E-01	-2,69E-02	MND	4,72E-02	1,60E-01	4,75E-02	5,36E-02	-9,25E-02						
Secondary materials	kg	1,38E-01	3,11E-04	3,65E-04	1,39E-01	1,00E-04	5,14E-06	MND	1,96E-05	7,34E-05	1,97E-05	1,35E-05	2,21E-04						
Renew. secondary fuels	MJ	1,11E-02	3,33E-06	1,29E-03	1,23E-02	1,27E-06	1,56E-08	MND	5,12E-08	9,27E-07	5,16E-08	2,79E-07	-6,55E-07						
Non-ren. secondary fuels	MJ	1,80E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,80E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00						
Use of net fresh water	m³	3,13E-03	9,60E-05	8,09E-04	4,04E-03	3,47E-05	1,77E-04	MND	3,12E-06	2,16E-05	3,14E-06	5,58E-05	-2,48E-04						

<sup>8)</sup> PER = Primary energy resources.







# **END OF LIFE – WASTE**

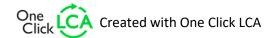
Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	А3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Hazardous waste	kg	3,04E-03	1,17E-03	4,98E-04	4,70E-03	3,98E-04	1,97E-05	MND	5,25E-05	2,30E-04	5,29E-05	5,92E-05	-6,82E-04						
Non-hazardous waste	kg	9,46E-02	2,08E-02	1,66E-02	1,32E-01	7,37E-03	8,05E-03	MND	7,15E-04	4,85E-03	7,21E-04	1,35E-03	-1,57E-02						
Radioactive waste	kg	1,81E-05	1,40E-07	1,23E-05	3,05E-05	5,01E-08	6,18E-09	MND	5,12E-09	5,08E-08	5,16E-09	8,22E-09	-1,71E-07						

# **END OF LIFE – OUTPUT FLOWS**

Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	В7	C1	C2	С3	C4	D
Components for re-use	kg	6,02E-06	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	6,02E-06	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00						
Materials for recycling	kg	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,17E-03	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	8,30E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00						
Materials for energy rec	kg	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00						
Exported energy	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	6,02E-03	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00						
Exported energy – Electricity	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,55E-03	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00						
Exported energy – Heat	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	3,47E-03	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00						

# **ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS – EN 15804+A1, CML**

Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	А3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	B7	C1	C2	С3	C4	D
Global Warming Pot.	kg CO₂e	1,90E-01	5,07E-02	6,22E-03	2,47E-01	1,61E-02	6,38E-04	MND	3,59E-03	1,13E-02	3,61E-03	2,16E-03	-7,58E-03						
Ozone depletion Pot.	kg CFC-11e	4,59E-09	5,96E-10	2,44E-10	5,43E-09	1,91E-10	2,03E-12	MND	4,37E-11	1,81E-10	4,41E-11	5,03E-11	-5,99E-11						
Acidification	kg SO₂e	5,13E-04	3,44E-04	4,82E-05	9,05E-04	4,22E-05	6,94E-07	MND	2,29E-05	2,71E-05	2,31E-05	1,15E-05	-3,58E-05						
Eutrophication	kg PO <sub>4</sub> ³e	9,60E-04	5,20E-05	5,67E-05	1,07E-03	1,03E-05	2,38E-07	MND	5,34E-06	6,90E-06	5,39E-06	3,64E-06	-7,05E-06						
POCP ("smog")	kg C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> e	4,01E-05	2,13E-05	3,14E-06	6,45E-05	3,76E-06	7,50E-08	MND	1,71E-06	2,58E-06	1,73E-06	1,08E-06	-3,16E-06						
ADP-elements	kg Sbe	1,38E-06	1,21E-07	1,17E-07	1,62E-06	4,41E-08	6,73E-10	MND	1,26E-09	3,65E-08	1,27E-09	3,40E-09	-3,90E-08						
ADP-fossil	MJ	2,29E+00	7,07E-01	7,01E-01	3,70E+00	2,32E-01	2,02E-03	MND	4,68E-02	1,57E-01	4,72E-02	5,31E-02	-8,73E-02						



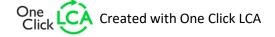




### **ADDITIONAL INDICATOR – GWP-GHG**

Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	B7	C1	C2	С3	C4	D
GWP-GHG <sup>9)</sup>	kg CO₂e	1,96E-01	5,10E-02	5,62E-03	2,53E-01	1,62E-02	5,56E-04	MND	3,61E-03	1,14E-02	3,63E-03	2,19E-03	-7,63E-03						

<sup>9)</sup> This indicator includes all greenhouse gases excluding biogenic carbon dioxide uptake and emissions and biogenic carbon stored in the product. In addition, the characterisation factors for the flows – CH4 fossil, CH4 biogenic and Dinitrogen monoxide – were updated. This indicator is identical to the GWP-total of EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 except that the characterisation factor for biogenic CO2 is set to zero.







# **VERIFICATION STATEMENT**

#### **VERIFICATION PROCESS FOR THIS EPD**

This EPD has been verified in accordance with ISO 14025 by an independent, third-party verifier by reviewing results, documents and compliancy with reference standard, ISO 14025 and ISO 14040/14044, following the process and checklists of the program operator for:

- This Environmental Product Declaration
- The Life-Cycle Assessment used in this EPD
- The digital background data for this EPD

Why does verification transparency matter? Read more online
This EPD has been generated by One Click LCA EPD generator, which has been verified and approved by the EPD Hub.

### THIRD-PARTY VERIFICATION STATEMENT

I hereby confirm that, following detailed examination, I have not established any relevant deviations by the studied Environmental Product Declaration (EPD), its LCA and project report, in terms of the data collected and used in the LCA calculations, the way the LCA-based calculations have been carried out, the presentation of environmental data in the EPD, and other additional environmental information, as present with respect to the procedural and methodological requirements in ISO 14025:2010 and reference standard.

I confirm that the company-specific data has been examined as regards plausibility and consistency; the declaration owner is responsible for its factual integrity and legal compliance.

I confirm that I have sufficient knowledge and experience of construction products, this specific product category, the construction industry, relevant standards, and the geographical area of the EPD to carry out this verification.

I confirm my independence in my role as verifier; I have not been involved in the execution of the LCA or in the development of the declaration and have no conflicts of interest regarding this verification.

Magaly González Vázquez, as an authorized verifier acting for EPD Hub Limited 12.09.2025



